

**DIPLOMA EXAMINATION IN ENGINEERING/TECHNOLOGY/  
MANAGEMENT/COMMERCIAL PRACTICE — APRIL, 2018**

**STRUCTURAL DESIGN - II**

[Time : 3 hours

(Maximum marks : 100)

[Note :— Use of IS-800-2007, IS 1905, IS 875- Part 3 and Steel table are permitted.]

**PART — A**

(Maximum marks : 10)

Marks

I Answer *all* questions in one or two sentences. Each question carries 2 marks.

1. List any two mechanical properties of steel.
2. Define 'pitch' of the bolt.
3. List any two mode of failure of a tension member.
4. Define the term 'beam'.
5. List the loads acting on a roof truss.

(5×2 = 10)

**PART — B**

(Maximum marks : 30)

II Answer any *five* of the following questions. Each question carries 6 marks.

1. List out any six advantages of welded connections.
2. Calculate the shear strength of a 16 mm diameter bolt of grade 4.6 used for a lap joint of 10 mm thick plates of Fe 410.
3. Write the expressions for determine 'design strength of a tension member'.
  - (a) Due to yielding of gross section.
  - (b) Due to rupture.
4. Define the following terms of a compression member.
  - (a) Actual length
  - (b) Effective length
  - (c) Slenderness ratio.
5. An ISWB 400 @ 667N/m carries maximum shear force 100 KN, check the safety of the beam in shear, with  $f_y = 250$  MPa.
6. (a) Write the situations under which 'plate girders' are used.  
(b) Write any six component parts of a plate girder.
7. Write short notes on 'Effective height' and 'Effective length' of wall.

(5×6 = 30)



PART — C  
(Maximum marks : 60)

(Answer *one* full question from each unit. Each full question carries 15 marks.)

UNIT — I

- III (a) List out any four advantages and three disadvantages of steel structures. 7  
(b) Calculate the safe load transmitted by a shop welded joint, if the size of weld is 6 mm and its length is 330mm, the ultimate stress is 410 MPa. 8

OR

- IV (a) Explain the Design Philosophy of steel structures. 7  
(b) Find the strength of a lap joint of Fe 415 steel plates of width 250 mm, thickness 20 mm connected by means of 3 numbers 20mm dia bolts of 4.6 grade at a spacing of 50 mm. 8

UNIT — II

- V (a) Explain the use of Lug angle and its any four specifications as per IS 800. 7  
(b) A single angle ISA 9060, 6 mm thick is connected to a gusset plate of 10 mm thick by fillet weld of 4 mm size. Given  $f_y = 250\text{N/mm}^2$ ,  $f_u = 410\text{N/mm}^2$  and length of weld is 200 mm. Determine tensile strength in yielding and rupture. 8

OR

- VI (a) Design a single angle strut connected to gusset plate carry a factored load of 200 KN. The length of member is 3 m,  $f_y = 250\text{ MPa}$ . 7  
(b) Explain the procedure for determination of 'design strength' of a single angle tension member. 8

UNIT — III

- VII (a) Explain plastic moment carrying capacity of a beam section. 7  
(b) Determine the design bending moment of a laterally supported beam ISMB 350@524N/m,  $f_y = 250\text{ MPa}$ . 8

OR

- VIII (a) Write short notes on classifications of beam section. 7  
(b) An ISMB 500@869N/m carries a uniformly distributed load over an effective span of 6.50m. If the beam is restrained laterally, what udl the beam can carry, considering bending condition only, take  $f_y = 250\text{ N/mm}^2$ . 8

UNIT — IV

- IX (a) List any seven component parts of a roof truss. 7  
(b) A masonry wall carrying an axial load of 10KN/m is of 3.30 m effective length. It is not braced by cross walls. The effective height of wall is 3.0m. Design the masonry wall. Given  $f_b = 0.50\text{ N/mm}^2$ ,  $K_a = 1$ ,  $K_s = 0.84$ ,  $K_p = 1.20$ . 8

OR

- X (a) Write the design considerations of a masonry wall. 7  
(b) A roof truss shed is to be built in Lucknow for an industry. The size of shed is 24 m × 40 m. The height of building is 12m at the eaves. Determine the basic wind pressure. Given basic wind pressure at Lucknow = 47 m/sec. 8